



PROJECT INCEPTION WORKSHOP REPORT

ENHANCING CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION FOR AGRO- PASTORAL COMMUNITIES IN KONGWA DISTRICT

Donor: Adaptation Fund (AF)

Implementing Entity: National Environment Management Council (NEMC)

Executing Entity: Foundation for Energy, Climate and Environment

Date of Inception Workshop: 12 October, 2021

Date of this Report: 26 October 2021

Submitted to Adaptation Fund Secretariat



Contents

<i>Introduction</i>	1
<i>Project Objectives</i>	1
<i>Implementation Arrangements</i>	4
<i>Budget</i>	5
<i>Project Sites</i>	9
<i>Inception Workshop Overview</i>	10
<i>Next steps</i>	11
Annex 1: LIST OF PARTICIPANTS.....	22

Introduction

With the emerging challenges of climate change and climate variability, many socio-economic sectors in Tanzania are vulnerable to climate related risks. These include water, where there is a general drying trend of natural water springs and rivers, energy where the hydropower performances are frequently interrupted by drought events, agriculture where crops and livestock suffer the impacts of drought and flooding and increasing occurrences of epidemics from pests and diseases in the health sector. In general, more than 70% of natural disasters in Tanzania are climate related. They are linked to droughts and floods and these have become more frequent as a result of climate change and climate variability. Several studies conducted in various regions and districts in the United Republic of Tanzania, indicate that rural areas especially agro-pastoral communities have been experiencing the effect of climate change through crop failures, decreased crop yields, increased water scarcity and sometimes shrinkage and drying of grazing lands/pastures due to increased and intensified drought periods. The predominance of more bad years as commonly referred by communities in rural areas of Tanzania have negatively impacted farmers' livelihoods, their economies and social life. In Kongwa district for example, worryingly, farmers are reporting that both the timing of rainy seasons and the pattern of rains within seasons are changing. These observations of change in climate are striking in that they are widespread throughout the district and are pronounced in remarkably consistent terms in almost all villages of the district.

Over the past decades, the seasons appear to have shrunk in number and variety, such that what was termed as good seasons are truncated or have disappeared. Nowadays, people's experience in most villages of Kongwa district including other parts of the country is that seasons are progressively being replaced by a more simplified pattern of events whose characteristics are predominantly hot (hotter) and dry or hot (hotter) and wet. Rains are more erratic, coming at unexpected times in and out of seasons. In particular, there is less

predictability as to the start of rainy seasons. Generally, in most cases rainy seasons are shorter. Dry periods have increased in length and drought is more common. Within recognizable seasons, unusual and “unseasonable” events are occurring more frequently, including heavy rains in dry seasons, dry spells in rainy seasons, storms at unusual times and temperature fluctuations. It is now common to witness rains which are more violent and intense and punctuated by longer dry spells within the rainy seasons. These kinds of rains, they may also come at unusual times. The impacts of such shift in seasonality and climate trends, have already severely disrupted food production, led to the displacement of communities, loss of life and assets, and caused an overall reduction of community resilience. This is because, the timing of rain, and intra-seasonal rainfall patterns are critical to smallholder farmers/agro-pastoral communities. Seasonality influences farmers' decisions about when to cultivate and sow and harvest. It ultimately contributes to the success or failure of their crops and livestock. In Ugogoni and Mtanana Wards of Kongwa district for example, villagers witness that formerly the growing season had about five months commencing from December to April, but in recent times, this duration had decreased to less than three or two months. This shrinkage of the seasons has confirmed the disappearance of short rains which previously used to appear around October to December. For instance some studies have indicated that a 20% increase in intra-seasonal precipitation variability reduces agricultural yields by 4.2%, 7.2%, and 7.6% for maize, sorghum, and rice respectively. Due to this, food insecurity remains significant in most places in the country. For example, in the year 2015, the country registered 28.5 on the Global Hunger Index, with 32% of the population under-nourished. As a result, food insecurity is responsible for more than 130 child deaths every day, making it the greatest contributor to under-five deaths in the country. About 42% of children under five years of in Tanzania are stunted, and this number has only decreased by 2% between 2005 and 2010. This chronic under-nutrition affects more rural children (45%) than urban children (32%) and is more common in less educated and poorer families in rural areas for districts like Kongwa in Dodoma region with the highest prevalence (50% or higher) of stunting children.

Consequently, the negative effects of climate change to the pastoral and agro-pastoral communities' livelihoods are intolerable in Kongwa. High level of livestock mortality associated with climate failures and bad seasons is continuously being recorded. Data indicates that in Ugogoni Ward for example, there has been progressive mortality record of livestock deaths due to dried pastures. In 2013, there were about 332 livestock deaths, 525 livestock deaths in 2014, 414 livestock deaths in 2015 and 595 livestock deaths in the year 2016¹. Likewise, the same Ward received reasonable food quantities in thousands tons of maize as aid support given to households with critical food shortage from the Government and other donor agencies. Therefore, both the government in the District and the Central government recognizes that no meaningful reduction in poverty can be achieved without addressing the deleterious impacts of climate change. Thus, it is indicated in the strategic policy documents such as the National Strategy for Growth and Reduction of Poverty 2010-2015; National Climate Change Strategy 2012, Tanzania Vision 2025 and in the National Adaptation Programme of Action (NAPA) 2007, that in responding to climate change and poverty challenges, there is a need to implement a number of concrete adaptation actions at grass root levels , including focusing on activities which ensure effective provision of quality livelihood and socio-economic systems. In this case, multi- disciplinary and integrated measures need to be implemented in Kongwa district to build and enhance adaptive capacity of poor agro-pastoral communities in selected villages.

¹ Kongwa district report, 2017

Project Objectives

The main objective of the project is to enhance climate resilience of more than 320,000 people living in Kongwa district and improve livelihood actions towards climate adaptation and transformed environmental actions. Specifically, this project will be addressing the following :

- i) To enhance climate resilient rural water supply system in vulnerable agro-pastoral communities at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards;
- ii) To support transformation of exploitative agro-pastoral practices to diversified climate smart and sustainable livelihoods;
- iii) To improve ecological functions to sustain climate sensitive livelihoods in Kongwa District.
- iv) To strengthen capacities of institutions, extension services and trainers to reduce risks associated with climate- induced livelihood failures in Kongwa district

Implementation Arrangements

Since submission of the last version of the project document, the implementation arrangements have not changed. However, some minor adjustments have been made on the composition of the Project Steering Committee.

The National Implementing Entity (NIE): The project will be implemented by the National Environment Management Council (NEMC). NEMC has significant experience in implementing projects and programs of this nature, with dedicated Group/Unit for climate change adaptation and executions of the NIE mandate related to the AF operations in the United Republic of Tanzania.

The Executing Entity: The project will be executed by Foundation for Energy, Climate Change and Environment (FECE) in collaboration with Kongwa District Council (KDC). This is in line with the MoU signed between FECE and KDC in which the former is the Lead Executing Entity and the latter is a collaborating Executing Entity

The Project Management Unit (PMU) comprises of Project Coordinator, M & E officer, Accountant, Driver and some technical staff from both FECE and KDC who will be occasionally invited to the project for specific tasks.

Project Steering Committee

A Project Steering Committee has been established .The Chairperson of Kongwa District Council is the chair of the committee. The Secretariat of the Committee will be the PMU through the District Executive Director and the Executive Director of FECE. The members of Project Steering Committee include the following:

- Chairperson of KDC - Chair of the Committee
- Executive Director of FECE – Secretary of the Committee
- Executive Director of KDC – Co-Secretary of the Committee
- Regional Natural Resources Officer , Dodoma
- Representative from Ministry of Agriculture
- Representative from Ministry of Livestock and fisheries
- Representative from DNA office
- Representative from NIE
- Kongwa District Manager , Tanzania Forest Services (TFS)
- Kongwa District Manager –Rural Water Supply Authority (RUWASA)

Budget

The project budget has not been changed. It is still the same as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Summary of project budget

TTabb

Project Components	Expected Concrete Outputs	Expected Outcomes	Amount (US\$)
1. Enhant climate	1.1: Climate resilient rural water supply system		

<p><i>resilient rural water supply system in vulnerable agro-pastoral communities at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards</i></p>	<p><i>established in agro-pastoral communities at Mtanana and Ugogoni Wards in Kongwa district</i></p>	<p>Enhanced climate resilient rural water supply system in vulnerable agro-pastoral communities of Mtanana and Ugogoni wards, Kongwa district</p>	<p>330,000.00</p>
<p><i>2. Support transformation of exploitative agro-pastoral practices to diversified climate smart and sustainable livelihoods</i></p>	<p>2.1 Best agricultural – climate smart practices enhanced to improve food security in the selected villages of Mtanana and Ugogoni wards, Kongwa district</p>	<p>Number of agro-pastoral communities transformed from exploitative agro-pastoral practices to diversified climate smart and sustainable livelihoods in selected wards of Kongwa district</p>	<p>430,000.00</p>

--	--	--	--

	<p>2.2 Natural pasture, local breeds and livestock management systems improved to enhance adaptive capacity of livestock keepers to climate induced droughts in Kongwa district.</p> <p>2.3 Improve market value chain of agro-pastoral products on farm and off farm products to strengthen their competition power in the market and diversify livelihood systems in the project sites</p>		
<i>3.Improve ecological functions to sustain climate sensitive rural livelihoods at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards and in selected rural communities of Kongwa district</i>	<p>3.1.Integrated ecological and management systems implemented in Kongwa district to sustain climate sensitive rural livelihoods in vulnerable communities</p>	<p>Improved ecological functions to sustain climate sensitive rural livelihoods in Kongwa district under the changing climate and variability of seasonal weather events</p>	198,285.00

<p><i>4. Strengthen capacities of institutions, extension services and trainers in to reduce risks associated with climate-induced livelihood failures</i></p>	<p>4.1 Institutional and technical capacity of the district and communities in Kongwa is strengthened to be able to withstand impacts of climate change and variability</p>	<p>Strengthened institutional and technical capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced livelihood</p>	<p>60,000.00</p>
--	---	---	------------------

<i>in Kongwa district</i>		failures in Kongwa district	
Project Execution Cost 95,160.77			
Total Project Cost 1,018,285.00			
Management Fee 86,554.23			
Amount of financing requested 1,200,000.00			

Project Sites

No change of project sites was suggested. The project will be implemented in Mtanana and Ugogoni wards (Figure 1). However during the inception workshop , it was suggested that baseline assessment be conducted in each project ward to verify the climate problems in specific villages. This is because about 3 years has passed since the project was designed. Thus some of issues in some locations may have been changed.

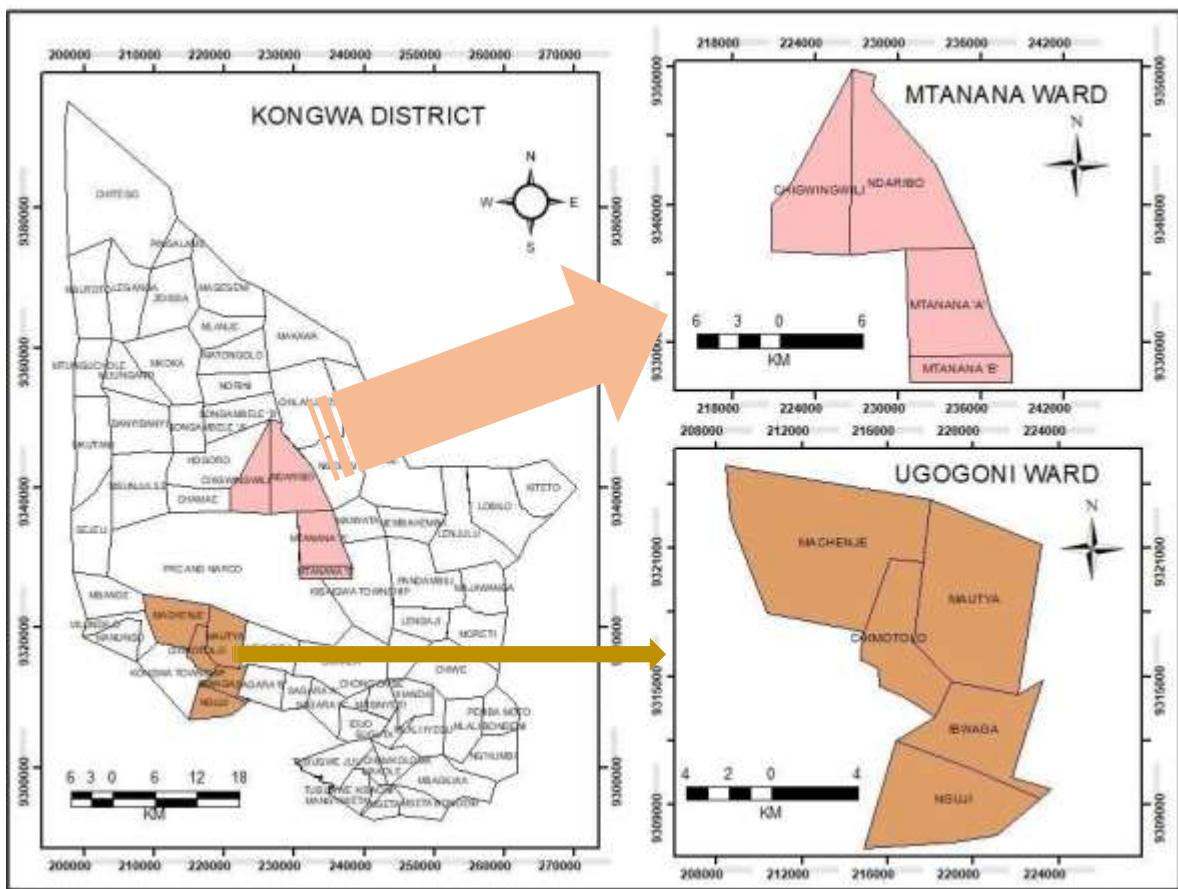


Figure 1: Project sites

Inception Workshop Overview

The inception workshop was conducted on 12 October 2021 in Kongwa Town whereby a total 86 participants attended. Out of 86 participants, 20 were female and 66 were male.

The workshop was officiated by the Speaker of Tanzanian Parliament who is also a Member of Parliament for Kongwa Constituency. Other leaders from Kongwa District included Kongwa District Commissioner, Chair of Kongwa District Council, Executive Director of Kongwa District Council.

The opening speech by the Guest of Honor was preceded by a presentation from FECE Executive Director who provided an overview of the project whereby he highlighted the project objectives, budget and presented the annual workshop plan. Furthermore, he introduced the members of Project Steering Committee whose duties include the following:

- Overseeing project implementation
- Supervise the activities of PMU
- Provide guidance to the project
- Approve project annual work plans , budgets and reports

The presentation of FECE Director was followed by a speech by NEMC Director General who congratulated FECE and KDC for successfully designing the project and urged all the stakeholders involved to implement the project effectively while demonstrating value for money for all the interventions. Others speeches were given by Kongwa District Commissioner, Chair of KDC, Executive Director of KDC and Councilors for Mtanana and Ugogoni wards. Generally, all the speakers thanked FECE and KDC for jointly designing the project and urged the beneficiary communities to provide a highest level of cooperation to the project during implementation.

Next steps

The next step will be implementation of the project activities as per approved annual work plan (Table 2). Following the project inception workshop, the PMU is currently holding awareness meetings in the project sites before embarking on activities planned for Year 1 of the project calendar.

Enhancing Climate Change Adaptation for Agro-Pastoral Communities in Kongwa District

Table 2 : Annual work plan for the period October 2021 – September 2022

Expected outputs	Activities	Target	Output indicator	Means of verification	Time frame			
					Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
<i>1.1Climate resilient rural water supply system established in agro-pastoral communities at Mtanana and Ugogoni Wards in Kongwa district</i>	1.1.1 Hydrogeological survey and drilling of borehole and Installation of solar driven water pump at Ibwaga village, Ugogoni ward	1 boreholes drilled and fitted with solar water pump	Number of boreholes drilled and fitted with solar water pumps	Project progress report				
	1.1.2.Purchase and installation of elevated water storage tank (made of stainless steel) with a capacity of 10,000 liters in Ugogoni ward	1 elevated water storage tank purchased and installed	Number of elevated water storage tanks purchased and installed	Project progress report				

	1.1.3 Construction of water troughs for livestock water system in Mtanana A	1 water trough constructed in Mtanana A	Number of water troughs constructed	Project progress report			
1.2 <i>Community Owned Water Supply Organization(COWSOs) established, facilitated and committee members trained on operational and maintenance</i>	1.2.1 Conduct awareness raising meetings with community stakeholders to facilitate a water supply system at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards in accordance to the Water supply and sanitation Act, 2009.	6 awareness meetings (2 meetings per village)	Number of awareness meetings	Progress report			
	1.2.2 Establish gender sensitive water governance arrangements for COWSOs at Mtanana and Ugogoni Wards	6 awareness meetings (2 meetings per village)	Number of village meetings	Progress report			
	1.2.3. Conduct Technical Trainings of Trainers on maintenance and operations; management of finance, accounting and group dynamics	At least 5 individuals trained per village	Number of individuals trained	Progress report			

	issues to selected community members of COWSOs for both Matanana and Ugogoni wards						
2.1 Best agricultural – climate smart practices enhanced to improve food security in the selected villages of Mtanana and Ugogoni wards	2.1.1. Installation of a drip irrigation system at Mtanana A village	1 drip irrigation system installed	Number of drip irrigation system installed	Progress report			
	2.1.2. Rehabilitate the existed pre independence contour bands/windowrows, and promote other soil and water management techniques (terracing, tie ridging) in-situ techniques for sustained agriculture/crop productivity at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards	350 acres of contour band/windowrows restored	Number of acres of contour bands/windowrows restored	Progress report Field visits			

	2.1.3.Train selected members of farmer and women groups on Operation and Maintenance (O&M) of drip irrigation facilities at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards						
	2.1.4.Facilitate increased use of climate smart crops and promoting intercropping with drought resistant varieties like sorghum, sunflower, simsim, pigeon peas, cassava, cereals, sweet potatoes and early maturing crops to increase climate resilience farming systems at Mtanana and Ugogoni wards.			Progress report			
	2.1.5 Establish women based gardens and poultry houses and trainings on FFFS (Female Farmer Field School) – provision of seeds and tools to diversity gender based			Progress report			

	livelihood systems						
2.2 Natural pasture, local breeds and livestock managementsystems improved to enhance adaptive capacity of livestock keepers to climate induced droughts in Kongwa district.	<p>2.2.1 Establishing drought resistant pasture species and enhance range management and transform traditional grazing system.</p> <p>2.2.2 Improve livestock management to control pests and diseases through cattle dips, feeding systems and cross breeding local breeds with improved breeds available at Kongwa National Ranching Company (NARCO)</p>			Progress report			
2.3 Improve market value chain of agro-pastoral products on farm and off farm products to strength their competition power in the market and diversify	2.3.1 Facilitate and train farmers and livestock keepers on value addition and packaging techniques of their agricultural products and link them to competitive markets and finance institutions			Progress report			

livelihood systems in the project sites	2.3.2 Facilitate provision of value addition and packaging tools, equipment and machines			Progress report			
3.1.Integrated ecological and management systems implemented in Kongwa district to sustain climate sensitive rural livelihoods in vulnerable communities	3.1.1 Establish and implement ecological restoration and rehabilitation plans (such as shrub/grasses, mangoes, cashew nuts establishment on contour bands/windowws, woodlots and woodland restoration) in selected Wards and Villages of Kongwa District			Progress report			
	3.1.2. Promote bee keeping activities as income diversification and demonstration of adaptation benefits generated from ecological restoration areas under activity 3.1.1 to increase adaptive capacity of vulnerable marginalized groups (such as women, girls, old people)			Progress report			

	3.1.3 Promote tree planting (trees with both environmental and socio economic values in mid-and long-term such as fruit plants and wood plants for timber) activities in residential areas, along streets and roadsides and in the degraded areas			Progress report			
	3.1.4 Promote scaling ups of projects' Best Techniques (BT) and Best Practices (BP) on ecological restoration and rehabilitation in other areas of the district including in Dodoma region			Progress report			
4.1 Institutional and technical capacity of the district and communities in Kongwa is strengthened to be able to withstand impacts of climate	4.1.1 Develop a detailed training plan to guide the capacity building program for the Project. A consultant will be hired to develop a detailed training plan highlighting the specific content with relevant examples to the			Progress report			

change and variability	prevailing conditions in Kongwa district, each ward and villages involved in the project implementation.							
	4.1.2 Develop training modules to build capacity of stakeholders on a continuous basis in all project sites			Progress report				
	4.1.4 Documenting and disseminating lessons learnt and best practices from project interventions through video and other documentaries, public media, meetings and public websites			Progress report				
	4.1.5 Communicate project results and share lesson learnt through video and other documentaries , public media, meetings and public websites			Progress report				
	4.1.6 Facilitate provisional of project monitoring and evaluation facilities, tools and equipment			Progress report				

Annex 1: LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

S/N	FULL NAME	INSTITUTION	GENDER	OCCUPATION	ADRESSES
1	Job . Ndugai	Kongwa DC/ Tanzanian Parliament	M	SPEAKER OF THE PARLIAMENT	0762605951
2	Ligwa Masele	PARLIAMENT SPEAKER OFFICE	M	ASSISTANT SPEAKER OF PARLIAMENT	0762848900
3	Mamdolwa Gembe	KONGWA DC	M	AG.DAS	0713105524
4	Marco s. Mbaga	CCM	M	CCM/ DISTRICT CHAIRPERSON	0755066103
5	Mzee Mzee	KONGWA DC	M	SPEAKER SECURITY	0786166711
6	Joseph Magata	KONGWA DC	M	JWTZ ADVSORY	0783613504
7	Liberatus Masoko	KONGWA DC	F	OF-DSO	0719042810
8	Remidius Mwema Emmanuel	KONGWA DC	M	DC	-
9	Mkanula mkanula	KONGWA DC	M	DRIVER	0753585895
10	Hamisi hamisi	KONGWA DC	M	DOCTOR	-
11	Moses manugu	KONGWA DC	M	DRIVER	0714978384
12	Baraka a. Utawa	TFS	M	TFS MANAGER	0765042597
13	James kini	TFS	M	FOREST OFFICERI	0757412089
14	Khadija kandola	KONGWA DC	F	S.O	0658791052
15	Ommary magomeni	ITV	M	JORNALIST	0713852572
16	Shabani tole	ITV	M	JORNALIST	0713270570
17	Stephano j, sengo	KONGWA DC	M	JORNALIST	0755800879
18	Meshack s. Mlaponi	KONGWA DC	M	TPO	0762551091
19	Malaki S Mkunda	KONGWA DC	M	VEO	0767903422
20	Richard Matonya	MAUTYA A	M	VILLAGE CHAIRPESON	0679317566
21	Bahati Lubeleje	MAUTYA A	M	VILLAGE CHAIRPERSON	0653734463
22	Eskley C . Mwigune	MAUTYA A	F	VEO	0789237475
23	Ernest C Ndabasho	MAUTYA B	M	VEO	0783296985
24	Ester J Yusto	KONGWA DC	F	VEO	0656994440
25	Skola E ,Muhuga	KONGWA DC	F	VEO	0766333834
26	Bonifas Magae	KONGWA DC	M	VILLAGE	0659573441

				CHAIRPERSON	
27	France J Mukala	MTANANA B	M	VEO	0717532284
28	Zakaria B. Mdadi	KONGWA DC	M	VEO	0742017259
29	Daniel D Mbele	MTANANA A	M	Village Chair person	0656451235
30	Valentina Ngorisa	FECE	F	Board Member	0782666640
31	Yusuph Selenge	LIVERSTOCK AND FISHERIES MINISTRY	M	Ag. HEMU, wizara ya mifugo na uvuvi	0754586095
32	Sauna Makoroa	MACHENJE	F	VEO	0712709506
33	David J Daud	KONGWA DC	M	VEO	0763214711
34	Dr Ismail Selemani	SUA	M	Researcher	0789403727
35	CPA Jackline Kigwa	KONGWA DC	F	Ag. Dia	0716641481
36	CPA D Mtalemwa	KONGW DC	M	DT –kongwa	0755212297
37	Gasper B Kabendela	KONGWA DC	M	TPO	0658920126
38	Mwendwa S Msangula	KONGWA DC	M	VEO	0634949595
39	John M Chiloleti	KONGWA DC	M	VEO	0655778088
40	Dickson Mpembeule	KONGWA DC	M	Village chair person	0626135044
41	Alexander Julius	KONGWA DC	M	Driver FECE	0753292970
42	Hamisi Lechipya	KONGWA DC	M	Village chair person	0654451238
43	Ally Saleho	KONGWA DC	M	Village chair person	0764600700
44	Jonas kwanga	IBWAGA	M	Village chair person	0756457818
45	Shadrack Lengata	UGOGONI	M	Village chair person	0769518736
46	Esther K Nkoma	CHIGWINGILI	F	VEO	0624125435
47	Dr. Samwel Gwamaka	NEMC		DG	0758074630
48	Msafir V Mkunda	KONGWA DC	M	DLFDO	0744777078
49	Salum S Dhamin	KONGWA DC	M	DPLO	0713750336
50	Jackson Shija	KONGWA DC	M	DAICO	0754225245
51	Kinde Mosses	KONGWA DC	M	HOICT	0742520003
52	Paskalina T Dume	KONGWA DC	F	DCDO	0742765664
53	Unambwe Erastor	Kongwa DC	M	EO	0717253254
54	Dauson K Felix	TALIRI Kongwa	M	AR	0623405540
55	Theresia Macharia	Kongwa DC	F	S.O	07120882987
56	Yoram Salum	Kongwa DC	M	Ag. DLNRO	0759262936

57	Eng. J. N. Chehamba	Kongwa DC	M	DE	0784633943
58	Godfrey Kalatungwa	Kongwa DC	M	TEO- Kongwa	0766316634
59	Fabian Maingu	Kongwa DC	M	Treasurer	0682711717
60	Elias Chilem	Kongwa DC	M	PSSNC TASAF	0756891830
61	Emanuel Msemwa	CCM /W-kongwa	M	District Secretary UVCC	0655298268
62	Deus Mbogo	Kongwa DC	M	Driver	0675560170
63	Valentinea Makanjilo	Kongwa DC	F	Dereva DEO	0754334199
64	Joyce Joel	CCM	F	Driver	0714423597
65	Yunuc Mahaya	NEMC	M	Driver	0689265369
66	Said Mbaruku	NEMC	M	Driver	0788852570
67	Ally Selemani	NEMC	M	Driver	0715313431
68	Augustino Ngoye	Kongwa DC	M	WEO- Mtanana	0620307927
69	Joel Mussa	Mtanana	M	County concellor	0627934521
70	Elizabeth Lenjima	Ugogoni	F	County concellor	0764259421
71	Lister A Mpangawa	Kongwa DC	F	WEO Ugogoni	0627572678
72	Fredrick Mucinda	PC	M	-	0753290517
73	Genoveva Mashenje	NEMC	F	SENG	0715511131
74	Franklin Rwezimula	NEMC	M	Manager	0716100504
75	Eng . Benjamin Mchwampaka	NEMC	M	PC	0754366968
76	Ollen Ngombe	NEMC	M	ACT	0623684867
77	Juliana Massawe	NEMC	F	Officer	0713437914
78	Lucy S Sendi	-	F	Facilitator	0656412962
79	Emanuel japhet	-	M	Facilitator	0655247015
80	Obetha Mwakalindile	-	F	Agricultural officer	0688173360
81	White Zuberi	Kongwa DC	M	Municipal chair person	07
82	Foska E Ngovam	-	M	TEO	0782967193
83	Dr. Omar Nkulo	Kongwa DC	M	DED	0713399349
84	Dr. Dominico Kilemo	FECE	M	Executive Director	0757370856
85	Juma Selemani	FECE	M	Program Officer	0744 151719
86	Witness Bitesigirwe	FECE	F	Communication Officer	0656 263008

